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*MaxDiscovery™ Triglycerides Enzymatic Assay Kit is intended for laboratory use only. This product is NOT for clinical diagnostic use. MaxDiscovery is a Trademark of Bioo Scientific Corporation.*
GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description

The MaxDiscovery™ Triglycerides Enzymatic Assay Kit is a plate-based colorimetric enzymatic assay for the determination of triglycerides in serum samples. Triglycerides are a prominent class of lipids found in blood. Triglycerides are used to form cell membranes and hormones, and play important roles in signal transduction pathways. The determination of serum triglycerides is an important marker for the diagnosis of lipemias. Elevated levels of triglycerides are strongly associated with vascular diseases such as stroke and atherosclerosis.

The kit uses a spectrophotometric assay to detect triglycerides directly from serum samples. The unique features of the kit are:

- High sensitivity and low detection limit (5 mg/dL)
- A rapid (10 minutes) and robust enzyme-based assay that does not require expensive instrumentation
- High reproducibility
- Only requires 5 µL of serum

Procedure Overview

MaxDiscovery™ Triglycerides Enzymatic Assay Kit is a simple, direct and automation-compatible method for measuring triglyceride levels in serum samples. This kit uses a coupled enzymatic reaction scheme: triglyceride esters are first converted to glycerol and fatty acids. Next, glycerol is converted using ATP to glycerol-phosphate. Lastly, the glycerol-phosphate is enzymatically oxidized to form hydrogen peroxide, which is visibly detected (at 520 nm) by peroxidase using a chromogenic dye. The absorption measured at 520 nm, is proportional to the concentration of triglycerides in the sample. The kit also comes with a control solution containing a triglyceride standard (200 mg/dL), which can be used to calibrate the assay.

This kit provides direct determination of triglycerides in serum, plasma, and other fluid samples. In addition, the kit can be used to analyze the pharmacological effects of drugs on triglycerides metabolism.
Kit Contents, Storage and Shelf Life

The MaxDiscovery™ Triglycerides Enzymatic Assay Kit has the capacity for 96 determinations or testing of 42 samples in duplicate (using 12 wells for standards). Store the kit (except for the microplate) at 4°C. The shelf life of the kit is 6 months when the kit is properly stored. Once the Reagent Mix is reconstituted with water, the shelf-life is 2 months when properly stored.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kit Contents</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Storage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microtiter Plate</td>
<td>1 x 96-well Plate (8 wells x 12 strips)</td>
<td>Room Temp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reagent Mix</td>
<td>Vial</td>
<td>4°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triglycerides Standard (200 mg/dL)</td>
<td>0.8 mL</td>
<td>4°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Required Materials Not Provided With the Kit

- Microtiter plate reader (520 nm)
- Centrifuge to prepare serum samples
- Deionized or distilled water (dH₂O)
- PBS (phosphate buffer saline, pH 7.3)
- 1.5 mL microfuge tubes
- Multichannel pipet or repeating pipettor (recommended but not required)

Warnings and Precautions

BIOO strongly recommends that you read the following warnings and precautions to ensure your full awareness of the techniques and other details you should be aware of when running the assays. Periodically, optimizations and revisions are made to the kit and manual. It is important to follow the protocol included in the kit. If you need further assistance, contact your local distributor or BIOO at techsupport2@biooscientific.com.

- Do not use the kit past the expiration date.
- Try to maintain a laboratory temperature of (20–25°C/68–77°F). Avoid running assays under or near air vents, as this may cause excessive cooling, heating and/or evaporation. Also, do not run assays in direct sunlight, as this may cause excessive heat and evaporation. Cold bench tops should be avoided by placing several layers of paper towel or some other insulation material under the assay plates during incubation.
- Be sure to use only distilled or deionized water since water quality is very important.
- When pipetting samples or reagents into an empty microtiter plate, place the pipette tips in the lower corner of the well, making contact with the plastic.
- Wear gloves when performing the procedure.
- Add standards to plate only in the order from low concentration to high concentration, as this will minimize the risk of compromising the standard curve.

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SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum
1. Carefully collect whole blood in a 1.5 mL microfuge tube or serum collection tube making sure to avoid hemolysis as it may release erythrocyte triglycerides into the serum.
2. Incubate the blood sample at 37°C for 10 minutes.
3. Centrifuge sample at 10,000 rpm for 10 minutes.
4. Remove serum layer to a clean tube avoiding the “buffy coat” layer.
5. Store serum samples on ice or at 4°C prior to testing; do not freeze samples. Serum samples can be stored at 4°C for up to one week. Triglycerides in serum are stable for several days at 4°C and six months when frozen and properly protected against evaporation.

Note:
1. Samples with values above 600 mg/dL should be diluted 1:1 with PBS and re-tested. Multiply the results by two.
2. Grossly lipemic serums require a sample blank. Add 5 µL of sample to 250 µL saline, mix and read the absorbance against water. Subtract this reading value from the absorbance of each serum sample to obtain the corrected reading.

TRIGLYCERIDES DETECTION PROTOCOL

Reagent Preparation
IMPORTANT: Make sure you read “Warnings and Precautions” section. ALL REAGENTS AND THE MICROTITER PLATE SHOULD BE BROUGHT UP TO ROOM TEMPERATURE BEFORE USE (30 MIN - 1 HOUR AT 20–25°C/68–77°F).

† Preparation of Reagent Mix
To reconstitute the Reagent Mix, add exactly 30 mL of deionized or distilled water to the Reagent Mix powder. Mix by swirling or inverting the bottle 10-12 times. Allow contents to dissolve for 10 minutes at room temperature.

IMPORTANT: The reconstituted Reagent Mix can be left at room temperature for short periods (30 – 60 minutes) prior to use. Between uses, the reconstituted Reagent Mix should be stored at 4°C (for up to 2 months). Discard the Reagent Mix 2 months after reconstitution.

† Preparation of Triglyceride Control Dilutions for Standard Curve
Label 6 microfuge tubes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Neg. Then make 6 dilutions of the Triglyceride Control using dH₂O as described in the table below.

NOTE: There is enough material to construct 3 Standard Curves. Make the Triglyceride Control Dilutions for the Standard Curve fresh each time that the Standard Curve is performed. After each dilution, briefly mix the tube before performing the next dilution.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard Tube #</th>
<th>Preparation</th>
<th>Triglyceride (mg/dL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Add 100 µL of Triglyceride Standard.</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Add 75 µL of Triglyceride Standard 1 + 25 µL dH₂O. Mix thoroughly.</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Add 50 µL of Triglyceride Standard 1 + 50 µL dH₂O. Mix thoroughly.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Add 25 µL of Triglyceride Standard 1 + 75 µL dH₂O. Mix thoroughly.</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Add 10 µL of Triglyceride Standard 1 + 90 µL dH₂O. Mix thoroughly.</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (Neg)</td>
<td>Add 100 µL of dH₂O.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assay Protocol

1. Add 5 µL of each sample or standard (in duplicate) to the microplate wells.
2. Add 300 µL of Reagent Mix to the wells.
3. Incubate at 37°C for 5 minutes or room temperature for 10 minutes.
4. Measure the absorbance of each sample at 520 nm.

Triglycerides Concentration Calculation

There is a linear relationship between the concentration of triglycerides in the sample and absorbance at 520 nm. Therefore, a standard curve used to calculate the triglycerides concentration in sera samples can be constructed by plotting the mean corrected absorbance values for each of the diluted triglycerides standards as a function of triglycerides concentration (mg/dL).

The straight line which best fits the data of Standard Curve can be used to calculate the triglyceride concentration in each sample.